Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Regulation (EU) No. 2016/918



SAFETY DATA SHEET

2180 Galva Expresse

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : 2180 Galva Expresse

Product description : Paint.

Product type : Aerosol.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Industrial uses Consumer uses Professional uses	Identified uses				
	Consumer uses				

Uses advised against	Reason
None identified.	-

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Rust-Oleum Europe - Martin Mathys NV, Kolenbergstraat 23, B-3545 Zelem, Belgium

Telephone no.: +32 (0) 13 460 200

Fax no.: +32 (0) 13 460 201

e-mail address of person : rpmeurohas@ro-m.com

responsible for this SDS

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Supplier

Telephone number : +44 (0) 207 858 1228

Hours of operation : 24 / 7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Aerosol 1, H222, H229

STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation) Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements Extremely flammable aerosol.

Pressurised container: May burst if heated.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

: P102 - Keep out of reach of children. General

P103 - Read label before use.

P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking.

P211 - Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

P260 - Do not breathe vapour or spray. P251 - Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

: P314 - Get medical attention if you feel unwell. Response

Storage : P410 + P412 - Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50

Disposal P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

: crystalline silica, respirable powder

: Not applicable.

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and

articles

UFI Code : JW10-80QS-5008-DSW8

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

: Not applicable.

fastenings

Tactile warning of danger : Yes, applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

			Classification	
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре
dimethyl ether	EC: 204-065-8 CAS: 115-10-6	≥25 - ≤50	Flam. Gas 1, H220	[2]
zincpowder, stabilised	REACH #: 01-2119467174-37 EC: 231-175-3 CAS: 7440-66-6 Index: 030-001-01-9	≥10 - ≤25	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
ethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475103-46 EC: 205-500-4 CAS: 141-78-6 Index: 607-022-00-5	≤10	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
n-butyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	[1] [2]
1-methoxy-2-propanol	REACH #: 01-2119457435-35 EC: 203-539-1 CAS: 107-98-2 Index: 603-064-00-3	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	[1] [2]
crystalline silica, respirable powder	REACH #: 01-2120770509-45 EC: 238-878-4 CAS: 14808-60-7	≤3	STOT RE 1, H372 (respiratory tract) (inhalation)	[1] [2]
zinc oxide	REACH #: 01-2119463881-32 EC: 215-222-5 CAS: 1314-13-2 Index: 030-013-00-7	≤3	Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1) Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	[1]
Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates	EC: 269-662-8 CAS: 68308-64-5	≤1	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	[1]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

<u>Type</u>

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give

anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery

position and seek medical advice.

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.

Inhalation : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is

irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by

trained personnel.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and

water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.

Ingestion : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.

Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It

may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. The mixture has been assessed following the conventional method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Skin contact : No specific data.

Ingestion : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture : Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed. This material is very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

Additional information

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture, incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.

Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.

Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Information on fire and explosion protection

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Store in accordance with local regulations.

Notes on joint storage

Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

Additional information on storage conditions

Observe label precautions. Do not store above the following temperature: 35°C (95°F). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds (in tonnes)

Danger criteria

Category	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P3a	150	500
E1	100	200

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
dimethyl ether	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 958 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 766 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
ethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	STEL: 966 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 724 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
1-methoxy-2-propanol	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Absorbed
	through skin.
	STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 375 mg/m³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
crystalline silica, respirable powder	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011).
	TWA: 0,1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
zincpowder, stabilised	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	-
	DNEL	Inhalation	2,5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Oral	50 mg/day	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5000 mg/ day	Workers	Local
ethyl acetate	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1468 mg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term	734 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term	34 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	63 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	734 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m ³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	367 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	4,5 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
n-butyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral, Dermal	3,4 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	960 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	480 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859,7 mg/	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	859,7 mg/ m ³	Consumers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	102,34 mg/ m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	102,34 mg/ m³	Consumers	Local
1-methoxy-2-propanol	DNEL	Short term	553,5 mg/	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Inhalation	369 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50,6 mg/	Workers	Systemic
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

			kg bw/day		
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43,9 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	18,1 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	3,3 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
zinc oxide	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	5 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2,5 mg/m³	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	83 mg/kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0,83 mg/ kg bw/day	Consumers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
zincpowder, stabilised	Fresh water	20,6 µg/l	-
•	Marine	6,1 µg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	52 μg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	118 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	56,5 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	35,6 mg/kg dwt	-
ethyl acetate	Fresh water	0,26 mg/l	-
•	Marine	0,026 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,34 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,034 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,22 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	650 mg/l	-
	Plant		
n-butyl acetate	Fresh water	0,18 mg/l	-
•	Marine	0,018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0,981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0,0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0,0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35,6 mg/l	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Fresh water	10 mg/l	_
metricky z propaner	Fresh water sediment	41,6 mg/l	_
	Marine water sediment	4,17 mg/l	_
	Soil	2,47 mg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	_
	Plant		
zinc oxide	Fresh water	25,6 μg/l	_
	Marine	7,6 µg/l	_
	Sewage Treatment	64,7 µg/l	_
	Plant	- ·,· r.g	
	Fresh water sediment	146 mg/kg dwt	_
	Marine water sediment	70,3 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	44,3 mg/kg dwt	_

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. Recommended: safety glasses with side-shields (EN 166).

Skin protection

Hand protection

There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.

The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.

The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.

Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.

Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.

The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.

Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.

Gloves

: For prolonged or repeated handling, use the following type of gloves:

Recommended: > 8 hours (breakthrough time): : nitrile rubber (0.5mm) . The recommendation for the type or types of glove to use when handling this product is based on information from the following source:

EN 374

The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

Body protection

Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods. Recommended: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres. (EN 1149-1).

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter (EN 140).

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Aerosol.]

Colour : Grev.

Odour : Hydrocarbon. : Not available. **Odour threshold** pН : Not available. Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Initial boiling point and : Not available.

boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: -40°C : >1 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate**

: Highly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open Flammability (solid, gas)

flames, sparks and static discharge and heat.

Slightly flammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions:

shocks and mechanical impacts.

In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Vapour may travel a

considerable distance to source of ignition and flash back.

Upper/lower flammability or

explosive limits

: Lower: 3%

Upper: 18%

Vapour pressure : 420 kPa [room temperature]

Vapour density : >1 [Air = 1]

Relative density 1,05

Solubility(ies) : Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/: Not available.

water

: 350°C **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature

Viscosity

: Not available. : Not available.

Explosive properties

: Highly explosive in the presence of the following materials or conditions: open flames, sparks and static discharge, heat and shocks and mechanical impacts. Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperature exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not puncture,

incinerate or store the container at temperatures above 49°C (120°F) or in direct sunlight. Container explosion may occur under fire conditions or when heated. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Oxidising properties : Not available.

9.2 Other information

Type of aerosol : Spray **Heat of combustion** : 17,8 kJ/g

No additional information.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.4 Conditions to avoid

: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.

10.5 Incompatible materials

: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. If involved in a fire, toxic gases including CO, CO2 and smoke can be generated.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
dimethyl ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	386 ppm	0,5 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	308000 mg/m ³	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	164000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	309 g/m³	4 hours
ethyl acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21 mg/l	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	9700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	14000 mg/kg	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	55000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
zinc oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Mouse	2500 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>5700 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15 g/kg	-
Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates	LD50 Oral	Rat	608 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Acute toxicity estimates

Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
zincpowder, stabilised	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300 Micrograms Intermittent	-
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Primary dermal irritation index (PDII)	Rabbit	0	-	-
	Eyes - Cornea opacity	Rabbit	1	_	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
zinc oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				milligrams	
Quaternary ammonium	Eyes - Visible necrosis	Rabbit	-	4 hours	24 hours
compounds, coco					
alkylethyldimethyl, Et					
sulfates					

Conclusion/Summary

SkinBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.EyesBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Respiratory: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.Respiratory : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
ethyl acetate n-butyl acetate 1-methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	Not applicable.	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
crystalline silica, respirable powder	Category 1	Inhalation	respiratory tract

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

General : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The mixture has been assessed following the summation method of the CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and is classified for eco-toxicological properties accordingly. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
zincpowder, stabilised	Acute EC50 106 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential	
		growth phase	00.1
	Acute EC50 0,572 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 10000 μg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 107 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 182 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus tshawytscha	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 27,3 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella	72 hours
		subcapitata - Exponential	
		growth phase	
	Chronic EC10 59,2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 9 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum	3 days
		demersum	
	Chronic NOEC 178 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemon	21 days
		elegans	
ethyl acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1600000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Asellus aquaticus	48 hours
	Acute LC50 560000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	
	Chronic NOEC mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia spec Daphnia magna	21 days
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC10 956 mg/l	Bacteria - Pseudomonas putida	18 hours
	Acute EC50 648 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 62 mg/l	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
1-methoxy-2-propanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum	7 days
	ĭ	capricomutum	
	Acute LC50 23300 mg/l	Daphnia spec.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 20800 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary

: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
ethyl acetate	OECD 301D	70 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
n-butyl acetate	-	90 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
1-methoxy-2-propanol	OECD 301E	96 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-
	-	>90 % - Readily - 5 days	1,95 qO ₂ /g	-
			ThOD	
	OECD 301C	88 to 92 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: This product has not been tested for biodegradation.

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
ethyl acetate n-butyl acetate 1-methoxy-2-propanol Quaternary ammonium compounds, coco alkylethyldimethyl, Et sulfates	- - Fresh water <28 days, 5 to 25°C -	- - -	Readily Readily Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
dimethyl ether	0,07	-	low
ethyl acetate	0,68	30	low
n-butyl acetate	2,3	10	low
1-methoxy-2-propanol	<1	<100	low
zinc oxide	-	60960	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition

: Not available.

coefficient (Koc)

Mobility

: Volatile.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT : Not applicable.

vPvB : Not applicable.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance.

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste

: Yes.

Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no

longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.

European waste catalogue (EWC)

The European Waste Catalogue classification of this product, when disposed of as waste, is:

Waste code	Waste designation
20 01 27*	paint, inks, adhesives and resins containing hazardous substances

Packaging

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Disposal considerations

: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers.

Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned.

Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or

national legal provisions.

Special precautions

This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1950	UN195	UN1950	UN1950
14.2 UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS, Flammable [Limited quantity] [zinc powder, stabilized]	AEROSOLS, Flammable [Limited quantity] [zinc powder, stabilized]	AEROSOLS, Flammable, Marine pollutant [zinc powder, stabilized] [Limited quantity]	AEROSOLS, Flammable [zinc powder, stabilized]
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	2	2	2.1	2.1
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	Limited quantity: LQ2 Remarks: (≤ 1L:) Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4 ADR Tunnel code: (D)		Emergency schedules (EmS): F-D + S-U Remarks: Limited Quantity - ADR/IMDG 3.4	Passenger and Cargo Aircraft Quantity limitation: 75 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Cargo Aircraft Only Quantity limitation: 150 kg Packaging instructions: 203 Limited Quantities - Passenger Aircraft Quantity limitation: 30 kg Packaging instructions: Y 203

14.6 Special precautions for user

: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

VOC for Ready-for-Use

Mixture

: Not available.

Europe inventory : All components are listed or exempted.

: Listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution

prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Aerosol dispensers

3



Extremely flammable

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

Р3а

E1

National regulations

Industrial use

: The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

References : EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by

Regulation (EU) No. 2016/918

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

CN code : 3208 10 90

International lists

National inventory

Australia : Not determined.

Canada : At least one component is not listed.

China : Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia : Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined.

Philippines : Not determined.

Republic of Korea : Not determined.

Taiwan : Not determined.

Turkey : Not determined.

United States : Not determined.

15.2 Chemical safety

assessment

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

acronyms

1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

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SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Aerosol 1, H222, H229	Expert judgment
STOT RE 2, H373 (inhalation)	Expert judgment
Aquatic Acute 1, H400 (M=1)	Expert judgment
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 (M=1)	Expert judgment

Full text of H-phrases referred to in sections 2 and 3

Full	text	of	ab	bre	via	ited	Н
stat	emei	nts					

	_
H220	Extremely flammable gas.
H222, H229	Extremely flammable aerosol. Pressurised container:
	May burst if heated.
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H372 (inhalation)	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or
	repeated exposure if inhaled.
H373 (inhalation)	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
	repeated exposure if inhaled.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4, H302 Aerosol 1, H222, H229	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 AEROSOLS - Category 1
Aquatic Acute 1, H400	SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category
Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Eye Dam. 1, H318	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2, H319	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Gas 1, H220	FLAMMABLE GASES - Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
STOT RE 1, H372	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
(inhalation)	EXPOSURE (inhalation) - Category 1
STOT RE 2, H373	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - REPEATED
(inhalation)	EXPOSURE (inhalation) - Category 2
STOT SE 3, H336	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
	EXPOSURE (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

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Notice to reader

The information in this Safety Data Sheet is based on the present state of knowledge and current legislation. It provides guidance on health, safety and environmental aspects of the product and should not be construed as any guarantee of technical performance or suitability for particular applications. The product should not be used for purposes other than those shown in Section 1 without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. As the specific conditions of use of the product are outside the supplier's control, the user is responsible for ensuring that the requirements of relevant legislation are complied with. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation.

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